

Whatman™ Neonatal Screening Cards-Capabilities



Whatman 903

In 1962 Dr. Robert Guthrie first published procedures for screening newborns for Phenylketonuria (PKU). The Whatman 903 specimen collection device has played an important role in this screening, assisting in the widespread testing of PKU. This has resulted in the early detection and intervention for tens of thousand babies in the US. Today screening for anywhere between three to twenty or more analytes, including congenital hypothyroidism, galactosaemia, branched-chain ketonuria, maple sugar urine disorder and sickle-cell anaemia is possible with our 903 collection paper. More recently, with the advent of tandem mass spectrometry technology, many programs are adding less frequently occurring disorders to their panel of analytes, including MCAD, cystic fibrosis and a range of amino acid disorders. In 1998, Whatman 903 became the international standard for body fluid sample collection, transport, analysis and archiving.

Purity, consistency, and excellent absorption characteristics is important

for neonatal blood collection papers. The paper must be free from impurities that may interfere with the quality or composition of the sample. It must also be validated in compliance with the requirements of the CLSI LA4-A5 consensus standard. The Whatman 903 cards meet these specifications and are listed as a FDA Class II Medical Device and are sold as a 'CE' marked 'In-Vitro Diagnostic' in Europe in compliance with 98/79/EC.

Whatman 903 Quality Control

The Whatman 903 paper, which is an FDA-registered 'In-vitro' Class II medical device in the USA, is used in virtually all US and international newborn screening programs. All 903 manufacturing is in accordance with Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP). Novel equipment ensures uniformity and adherence to specified parameter ranges. Since the stability of the collected sample can be affected by the composition of the paper, Whatman carefully controls the manufacturing process to ensure homogeneous composition, uniform thickness, flow-rate, absorbency and purity.

The Whatman 903 paper is manufactured from 100% pure cotton lint-ers with no wet-strength additives. Since it is a medical device in the US, Whatman 903 paper has to be manufactured under controls compliant with the FDA Quality System Regulations. In addition, serum uptake analysis is conducted for each lot of 903 paper by an independent testing laboratory and by the Centers for Disease Control Newborn Screening Quality Assurance Program. Only when all test results confirm that a batch of 903 paper meets the aforementioned specifications can that lot be released and used for specimen collection.

Whatman 903 Properties

Parameter	Range	Parameter	Range
Basis weight (g/m ²)	170 - 188	Blood spot diameter (mm/100 µl)	15 - 17
Serum uptake intact red blood cells (µl 1/8" disc)	1.37 - 1.71	Blood absorption time (seconds/100 ml)	5-30

Neonatal Screening Cards – Regulatory requirements

Classified as a Class II Medical Device the Whatman Neonatal Screening Cards are manufactured and quality released in compliance with the FDA Quality System Regulation 21 CFR Part 820.QSR. As such, Whatman manufacturing sites may be inspected by the Food and Drug Administration. In April 2007 Whatman was audited by the Center for Devices and Radiological Health. During this process Whatman was able to confirm that the Neonatal Cards are manufactured in compliance with Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP).

As an 'In-Vitro Diagnostic' Device in both the US and EU, Whatman applies the IVD mark to 903 neonatal blood collection cards. This identifies that Whatman has applied and demon-

strated all applicable requirements of the FDA and European 'IVD' Directive with regard to sample collection devices.

The FDA and European 'IVD' Directive requires that medical devices benefit patients and users by being both safe and effective, and does this by setting out 'Essential Requirements' to ensure that the device does not compromise the health or safety of the patient or user in use. Whatman is responsible for ensuring that the product is both safe and effective under these guidelines in addition to meeting regulatory requirements such as the International Quality Standard for Medical Devices, ISO 13485:2003 and the Directive 98/79/EC.

Manufacturing of quality cards

Printing of paper for newborn screening is a very critical production step that is strictly defined in the CLSI standard. Inappropriate printing technologies may have a negative impact on the characteristics of the paper resulting in false test results. Whatman 903 paper is printed and provided as a controlled package that includes detailed demographic information about the newborn.

Whatman Quality Control tests a number of cards from each printed job to evaluate blood absorption time and circle size. Only if all test results are within agreed parameters can the card production be released and dispatched to the customer.

Custom printing – Capabilities and advantages

Transportation and storage of Neonatal Screening Cards

Whatman 903 Neonatal Blood Collection Cards provide a safe and efficient method for easy sample collection, identification and transport.

Newborn data is documented on the demographic portion of the form which is attached to the Whatman 903 sample area. This product design reduces the likelihood of sample misidentification.

Transportation of newborn samples collected and dried on Whatman 903 cards can be safely mailed in non-specialized packaging for shipment to a central laboratory for processing. This significantly eliminates the high costs of overnight delivery on dry ice. Air transport is also not a concern as dried blood samples bound to the paper are classified in the lowest risk category by the International Air Transportation Association (IATA).

Blood samples dried on Whatman 903 cards for protein analysis should be stored at –20°C in a sealed bag with a desiccant pouch to eliminate the possibility of degradation over extended periods of time (CLSI LA4-A5).

Whatman 903 Cards – Advantages

Regardless of where the procedure is conducted, information about the sample must be recorded and cataloged at the time of collection.

Whatman custom printed forms are designed with this function in mind. Individually designed collection matrices are available and can be used as a single part card or incorporated into multi part specimen collection cards.

To avoid any potential risk of sample misidentification, Neonatal Screening Cards need to clearly show newborn details in the demographic section of the form. The minimum information which should be present on the card as documented in CLSI LA4-A5:

- Infant's name (surname/family) (first (forename) if available)
- Mother's last name (surname/family) (optional: include mother's maiden name) and first name (forename)
- Sex
- Birth date (optional: include time of birth; gestational age)
- Date of specimen collection (optional: include time of collection)
- Infant's age (if this can be extrapolated from other data fields it is optional)
- Patient identification number (eg: medical record number, optional: include address and phone number)
- Birth weight
- Submitter identification & address or submitter code, if linked to address (optional: include birth facility)
- Physician's (healthcare provider) name & telephone number
- Name of newborn screening
- Program and laboratory address

- Unique nonrepeating Serial Number
- Expiration date of specimen collection device
- Appropriate number of preprinted circles should be available with preprinted broken- or dotted- line circles on one side of the filter paper section (with optional printing of circles on both sides). (In the United States, the preprinted circle 12 mm to 13 internal diameter is filled to the printed line by 75 µl of blood while 100 µl fills slightly beyond the print).
- Manufacturer and lot number of filter paper indicated on the filter paper section, and manufacturer or printer listed on the patient information section of the form (optional: bar codes may be imprinted on the specimen collection device [see Section 7.2.2] and bar codes should contain a check sum digit). To avoid confusion, neither the manufacturer's nor the printer's address should be placed on the collection device.

Whatman offers an extensive range of devices to fit your application needs. By combining our knowledge of the minimum regulatory information required together with your specific requirements, we can develop a customized card that meets your needs and complies with the IVD regulations.

Custom printing – Capabilities

Two part card

Writing directly onto the 903 paper is not feasible as it absorbs ink from the pen and words may appear illegible. It also increases the risk of sample contamination. The A two part card consists of the 903 sample area glued

to a demographic card available in either black or OCR (optical character recognition) red.

The two part card can also include additional features such as a barcode and can be printed in multiple colors.

Product benefits:

- Use of barcode system
- Card can be printed with several colors
- Easier writing on the demographic section
- OCR scannable format

Multi part card

The multi part card consists of three parts or more and can be printed in black or OCR. Similar to the two part card, the 903 sample area is attached to the demographic card and can have one or two top carbon layers for transferring information.

Additional features of the multi-part card include a wrap-around cover, which protects the 903 blood collection paper, one barcode, unique identification numbering and is available in a variety of ink colors.

Product benefits:

- Carbonless top layers for the production of several copies
- Protection of the sample area by wrap-around cover

Cassette card

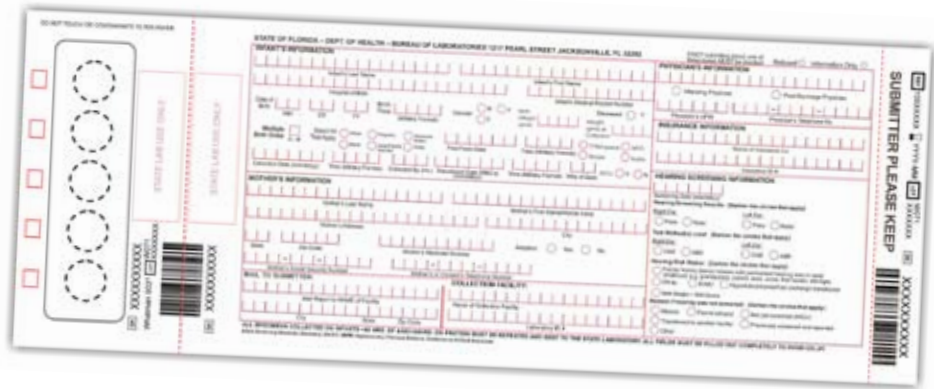
Custom cassette formats are ideally suited for automated processing. The 903 sample area is integrated into a cardboard frame, which is glued with the demographic part.

The cardboard frame gives stability to the 903 sample area, which is required when samples are handled by robotic instruments.

The cassette card is available with barcode information for traceability and OCR scannable demographic sections. Of course your individual logo can be printed in multiple colors.

Product benefits:

- Cardboard cassette frame around the sample area for automated handling



Whatman 903 Capabilities – Summary

Capabilities

	903 single part card	903 two part card	903 multi part card	903 cassette card
CDC recommended paper for neonatal screening		✓	✓	✓
Product meets US and EU for neonatal screening		✓	✓	✓
Product manufactured under Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Sequential card	✓	✓	✓	✓
Available in more than one printing color		✓	✓	✓
OCR scannable formal		✓	✓	✓
Barcodes adapted to your barcode system		✓	✓	✓
Wrap-around cover for protection of sample area			✓	✓
Additional carbon layers for duplicating information			✓	✓
Cassette frame for automation				✓

Custom Kits – Capabilities

Customized kits

Field based sample collection often requires the use of multiple products such as gloves, sterile wipes and a lancet in addition to the sample collection card itself. Whatman can develop and manufacture customized ready-to-use kits for specific end user applications, ensuring that all the tools for optimal sample collection are there on site and ready for use.

Sequential numbering

Cards can be provided with sequential numbering. This means that each of your cards will have a different number which is essential for tracking and identification purposes.

Barcodes

Cards can be provided with barcoding on the demographic portion in any format that can print alphanumeric characters (letters, digits and some special symbols). Data integrity is enhanced by the use of modulus check digit characters.

Barcodes can be printed across a perforation where the card would be separated in the laboratory. This ensures traceability of all sections of the card. Shown on the left is a depiction of the Florida card shown on P10. We can also print removable adhesive barcodes for your cards that can be adhered to accompanying paperwork.

Color coding

Custom printed cards can be color coded to simplify form distribution after sample collection.

OCR-scannable format

Whatman can use special inks for printing forms that are invisible to optical character recognition (OCR) scanners, ensuring that scanners will detect only the variable demographic information (i.e. written information input by the sampler).

Wrap-around covers

Wrap-around covers are attached to the 903 card and can be “wrapped around” the 903 sample collection part of the card to protect the sampling area. This wrap-around cover is available in different materials: 28-pound paper, translucent glassine or clear moisture-proof barrier. This protects the sample and can eliminate the need for additional glassine envelopes.

Custom packaging

A specified coding system can be printed on every package, carton and shipping box. Outside cartons can be labeled to reflect the sequential numbering of the forms enclosed.

Hearing section

It is possible to add a section to a card for hearing test results. This puts all the screening results together in a database under a single control number.

Parent information sheets/pamphlets

Parent information sheets that are part of the neonatal collection device and include the device numbers can be provided as the first part of a multiple-part form. Alternatively, detailed parent information pamphlets can be glued to the form.

Transfer or mailing envelopes

Whatman can provide custom envelopes for mailing of samples to the central laboratory, for sending a screening form home with the parent for follow-up sampling, or sending samples to separate laboratories for non-standard screening tests, i.e. for DNA testing or supplemental screening. These envelopes are frequently color-coded.